# CORTICAL PLASTICITY: THE AMAZING ABILITY OF THE BRAIN TO ADAPT

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Bio Sci 38: Mind, Memory, and the Brain

# OVERVIEW

### Cortical plasticity during development

Examples of the amazing ability of the brain to adapt

### Cortical plasticity in adults

- The old dogma
- Evidence showing that the dogma is way wrong

### Cross-modal plasticity

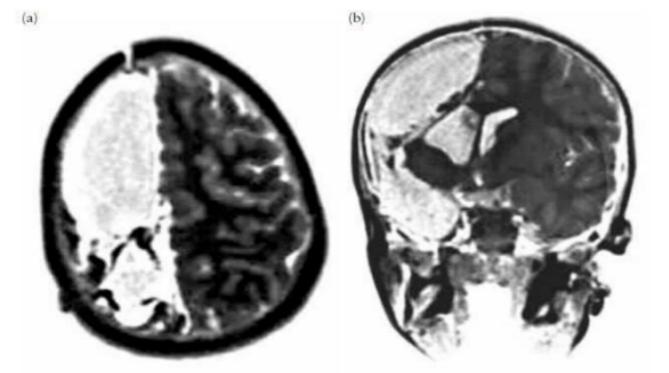
- Blind individuals can use visual areas to process "touch" info
- "Seeing" using other senses

✤ >50 million people worldwide have <u>epilepsy</u>

- recurrent unprovoked seizures, usually controlled (but not cured) by medication
- A radical solution for drug-resistant epilepsy in young kids is to remove the hemisphere where seizures occur (hemispherectomy)

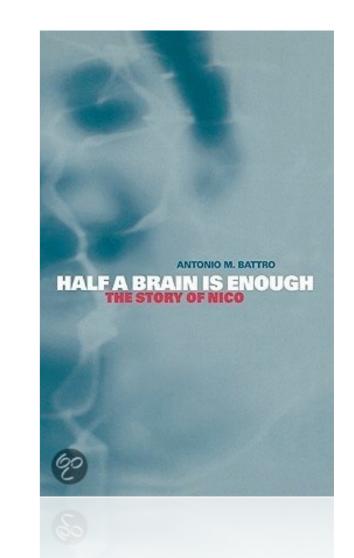
### The case of "Nico"

- Hemispherectory at age 3 because of debilitating epileptic seizures.
- At age 7-9, some difficulties drawing and writing, but otherwise not distinguishable from his classmates in standard elementary school.

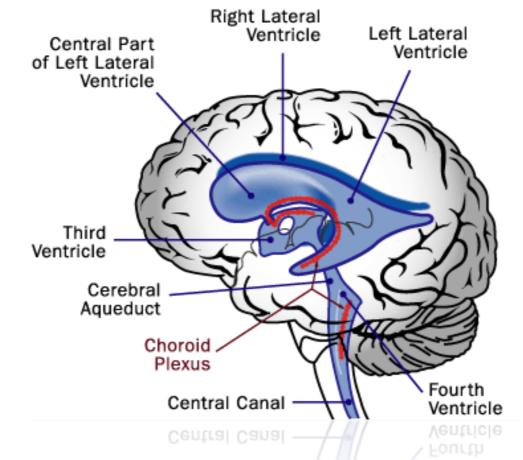


CAT scan of his brain

Figure 1.1 Two images of the functional right hemispherectomy. (Nico: threeyears-and-seven-months): (a) horizontal (axial) view, (b) frontal (coronal) view. Only the left hemisphere is seen, most of the right hemisphere has been removed.



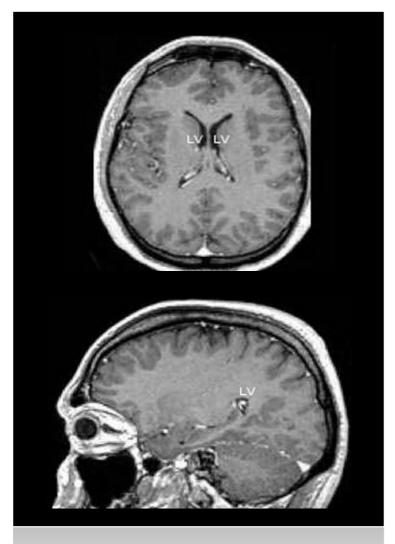
Our ventricles are filled with cerebrospinal fluid (CSF), which offers mechanical and immunological protection to the brain.



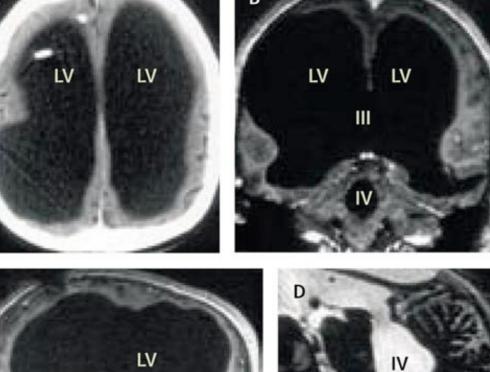
- The CSF is continually produced by the <u>choroid plexus</u> in the ventricles, and your body is continually getting rid of the excess CSF.
- Hydrocephaly ("water head" in greek) occurs when the CSF is not evacuated quickly enough, which gradually enlarges the ventricles and produces brain damage.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yqK8DxXF7oQ

- The case of a French government worker
  - complained to his doctor of "leg weakness".
  - Married with kids, IQ in normal range.
  - Doctors treated him for this as a kid, but didn't follow up properly.



Normal brain

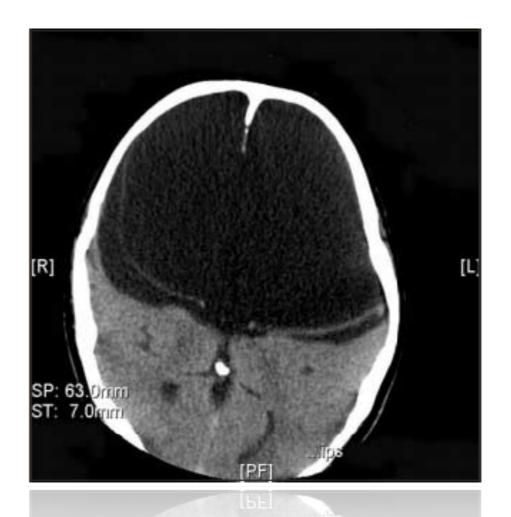


Hydrocephalic brain

LV – lateral ventricle

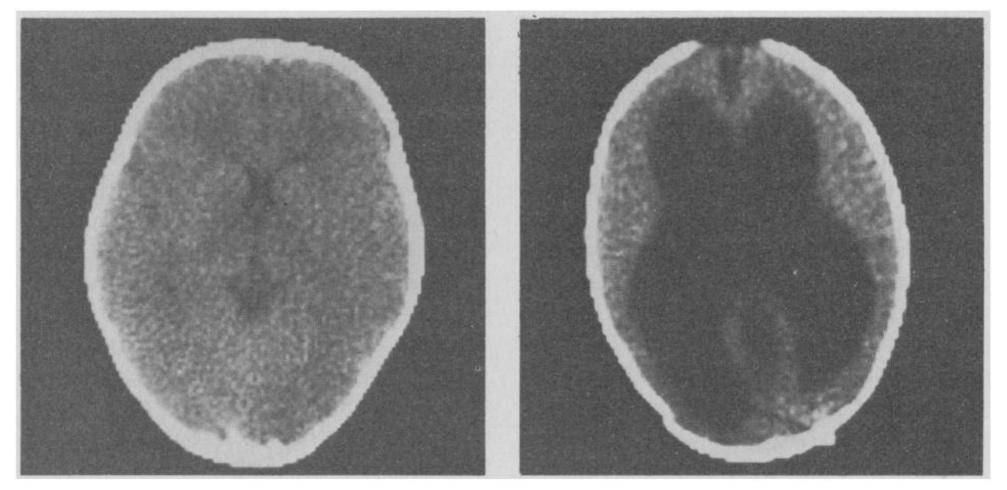
How can this happen? The condition started early in development and progressed slowly.

- The case of a British truck driver (age 55)
  - Reached emergency room after driving into a tree (in coma).
  - Scan revealed most of his frontal lobes (and some temporal and parietal lobes) were missing.
  - ✤ Made "full recovery"…



How can this happen? The condition started early in development and progressed slowly.

- The case of an Honors student in mathematics
  - ✤ IQ of 126, socially normal
  - Doctors did a scan because of his slightly larger head...



Normal brain

Hydrocephalic brain

Computerized Tomography (CT) scans

How can this happen? The condition started early in development and progressed slowly.

### CORTICAL PLASTICITY DURING DEVELOPMENT AMAZING DEVELOPMENTAL PLASTICITY: DEVELOPPING NEW CAPACITIES

#### Ben Underwood: The boy who sees without eyes



More videos on Ben Underwood:

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qLziFMF4DHA http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G1QaCeosUmw http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ikpNZOx5FGk http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Px-aPnk4ZU http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MNkJ1diTxOE

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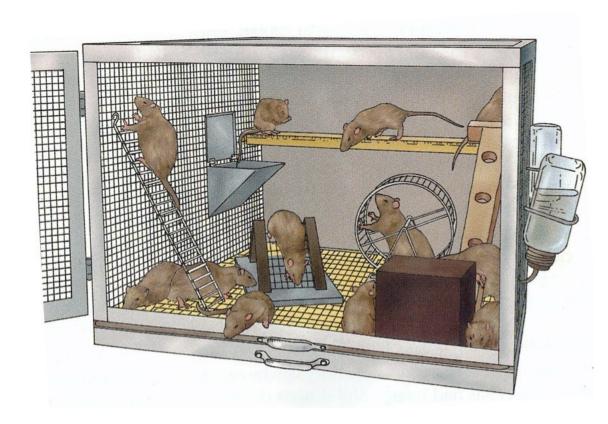
### Cross-modal plasticity

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"After developmental plasticity is completed (i.e., after the critical periods are over), the functional organization of the adult cortex is static and unchangeable"

# CORTICAL PLASTICITY IN ADULTS EFFECTS OF "ENRICHED" ENVIRONMENT ON CORTEX

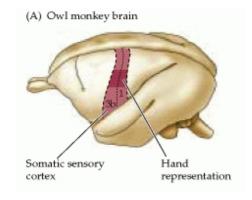
# An 'enriched' environment for adult rats



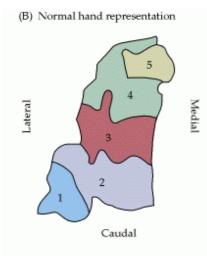
- Sensory cortex becomes thicker
- Neurons exhibited larger dendritic and axonal trees
- Larger amount of synapses and more complex capillary patterns
- Notably, such animals are typically better in problem solving tasks (e.g., mazes) than control animals

Clearly, the cortex can change a lot, even in adults

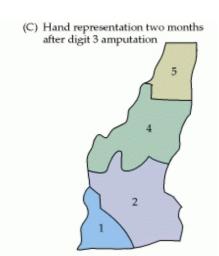
# CORTICAL PLASTICITY IN ADULTS LOSING A FINGER LEADS TO REMAPPING IN SOMATOSENSORY CORTEX



# Finger representation in monkey somatosensory area



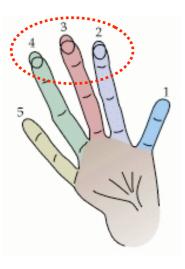
# Normal representation of the 5 digits (digit 1 is the thumb)



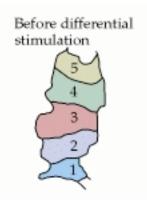
Representation a few months after middle digit (digit 3) was **removed** 

Purves et al., 2001

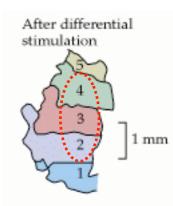
Finger-specific training on a difficult texture discrimination task



Only middle three digits (2-4) were trained in the task



Normal representation of the 5 digits **before training** 

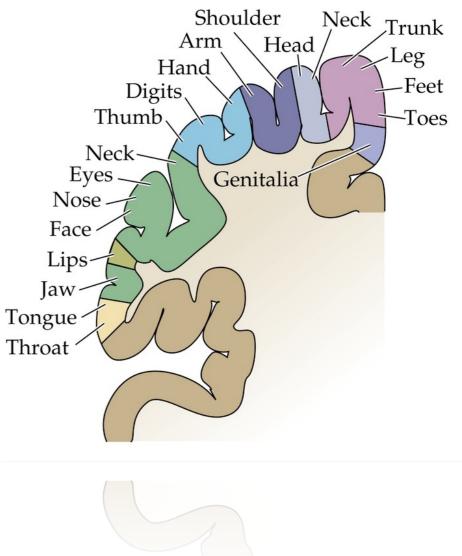


Expanded representation of trained digits after training

# CORTICAL PLASTICITY IN ADULTS THE SAME RULES APPLY IN HUMANS...

# The cortical representation of the hand is taken over by the face after hand amputation





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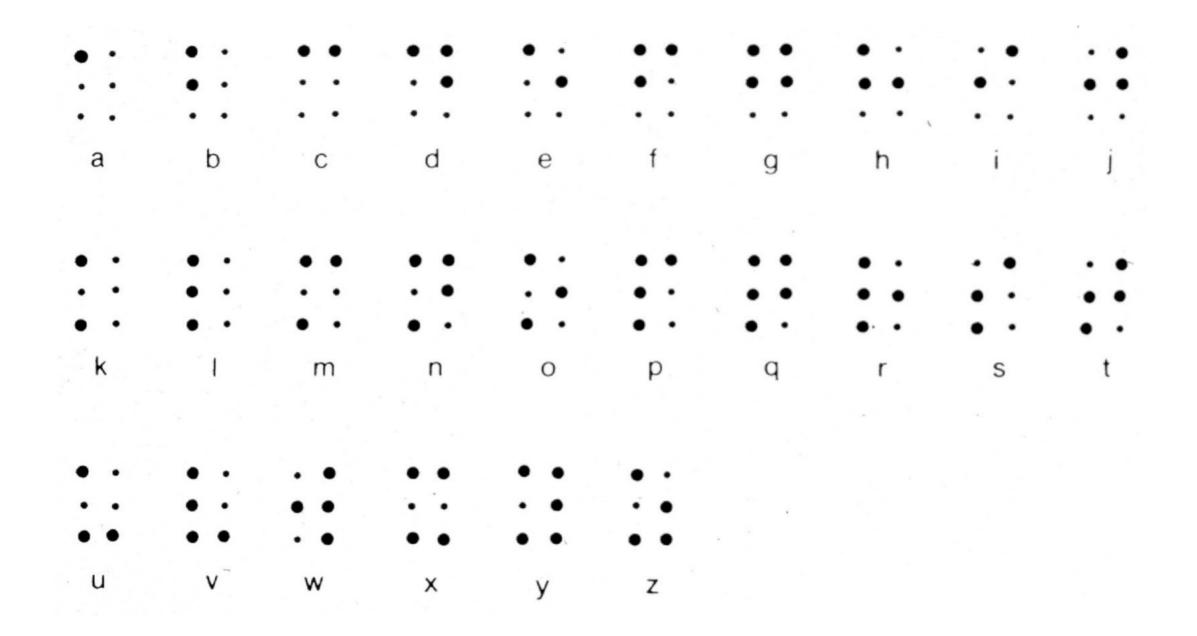
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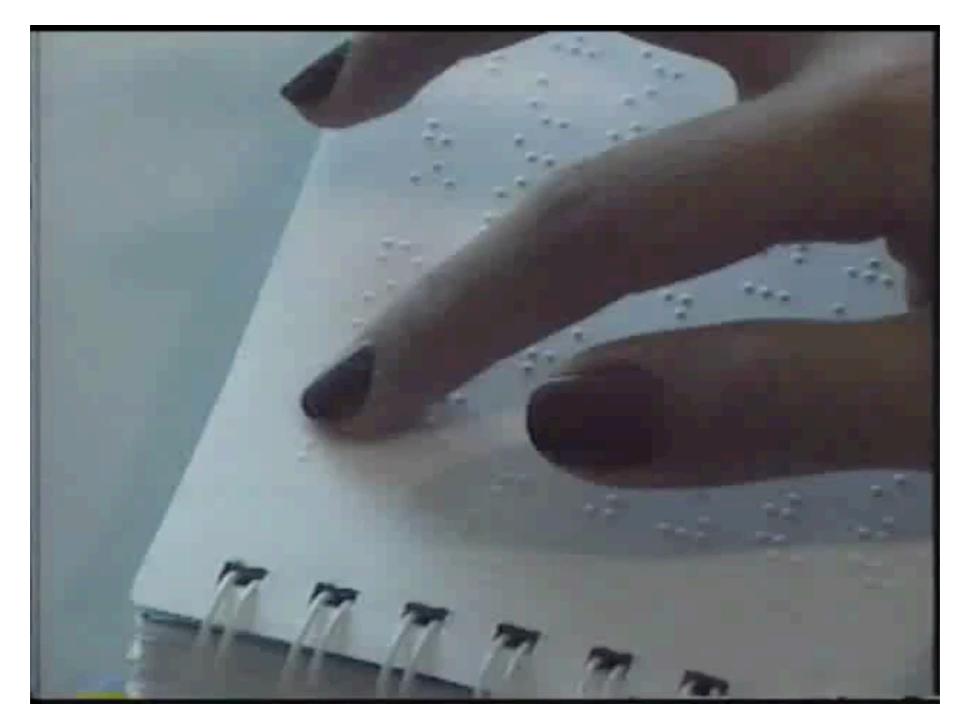
Braille system: method for blind individuals to read and write



# CROSS-MODAL PLASTICITY BLIND SUBJECTS USE VISUAL AREAS TO PROCESS TOUCH INFO



After only a few days of no vision, V1 already plays a role in processing touch info



# CROSS-MODAL PLASTICITY "SEEING" USING OTHER SENSES

### Mechanical substitution systems for the blind

# Converting 2-D visual image to a 2-D somatosensory "image"

Forehead display



Tongue display



Using sounds to decode images

